

20:01:09:01.01 Retail dispenser labeling. Each retail fuel pump shall identify conspicuously the type of fuel product, the particular grade of the fuel product, and the applicable automotive fuel rating of the fuel to be dispensed. Any sub-regular grade, as defined in 20:15:06:01.01, shall be conspicuously identified as sub-regular grade, and the pump shall state: “Sub-Regular Octane-Refer to owner’s manual before fueling.” This rule is repealed on June 30, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (4)

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (4), 37-2-13

Source:

20:01:10:03 Documentation. If gasoline, alcohol blended fuels, kerosene, diesel fuel, aviation gasoline, burner oil, or naphtha are sold an invoice, bill of lading, shipping paper or other documentation shall accompany each delivery other than a retail sale. This document shall identify the quantity, the name of the product, the particular grade of the product, the applicable automotive fuel rating, and oxygenate type and content (if applicable), the name and address of the seller and buyer, and the date and time of the sale. Documentation must be retained at the retail establishment for a period of not less than one year.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (2); 37-2-7

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7, 37-2-19, 37-2-21

Source:

20:01:10:04 Duties of refiners, importers, and producers. A refiner, importer, or producer of petroleum products, as defined by SDCL 37-2-5 (10), shall comply with the automotive fuel rating, certification, and record-keeping requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.5 to 306.7.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7, 37-2-13, 37-2-21

Source:

20:01:10:05 Duties of distributors. A licensed distributor of petroleum products, as defined by SDCL 37-2-5 (10), shall comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7, 37-2-13, 37-2-21

Source:

20:01:10:06 Duties of retailers. A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers petroleum products, as defined by SDCL 37-2-5 (10), to a consumer shall comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (2), 37-2-7, 37-2-13, 37-2-21

Source:

20:15:06:01.01 Minimum octane rating.

(1) In general conformity with ASTM D4814 and the adoption of NIST Handbook 130, 2005 in § 20:01:02:03, the minimum (R+M)/2 octane rating grades of petroleum products, as defined by SDCL 37-2-5 (10), in the counties of Butte, Custer, Fall River, Harding, Lawrence, Meade, Pennington, Perkins and Shannon shall be no less than the following:

- (a) Sub-Regular Unleaded 85;
- (b) Sub-Regular Unleaded 86;
- (c) Regular Unleaded 87;
- (d) Midgrade, Plus Unleaded 89; and
- (e) Premium, Super, Supreme, High Test Unleaded 91.

(2) The minimum (R+M)/2 octane rating grades of petroleum products in all counties in the State of South Dakota other than those listed in (1) above shall be no less than the following:

- (a) Regular Unleaded 87;
- (b) Midgrade, Plus Unleaded 89; and
- (c) Premium, Super, Supreme, High Test Unleaded 91.

This rule is repealed on June 30, 2013.

General Authority: SDCL 37-2-6 (4)

Law Implemented: SDCL 37-2-6 (4)